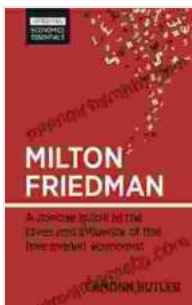


# The Free Market Economist Harriman: A Concise Guide to His Ideas and Influence

Harriman is one of the most influential economists of the 20th century. His ideas have shaped the way we think about free markets, government intervention, and economic growth. This concise guide provides an overview of Harriman's most important ideas and their impact on the world.



## Milton Friedman: A concise guide to the ideas and influence of the free-market economist (Harriman Economic Essentials) by Simone Filippetti

★★★★☆ 4.5 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 362 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 163 pages
Screen Reader	: Supported



## Harriman's Free Market Philosophy

Harriman was a strong believer in the power of free markets. He argued that free markets are the most efficient way to allocate resources and promote economic growth. He believed that government intervention in the economy should be kept to a minimum, as it can lead to inefficiency and stifle growth.

Harriman's free market philosophy is based on the following principles:

- **Individual liberty:** Harriman believed that individuals should be free to make their own economic choices, without government interference.
- **Private property:** Harriman believed that private property is essential for economic growth and prosperity.
- **Free trade:** Harriman believed that free trade is the best way to promote economic growth and development.
- **Limited government:** Harriman believed that the government should play a limited role in the economy, and should only intervene when necessary to protect individual rights and freedoms.

## Harriman's Influence

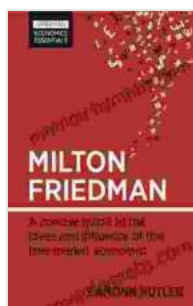
Harriman's ideas have had a profound impact on the world. His work has helped to shape the economic policies of many countries, and his ideas continue to be debated and discussed by economists and policymakers today.

Harriman's most important contributions to economic thought include:

- **The theory of marginal utility:** Harriman developed the theory of marginal utility, which explains how consumers make decisions based on the additional satisfaction they expect to receive from consuming a good or service.
- **The theory of general equilibrium:** Harriman developed the theory of general equilibrium, which shows how the prices of goods and services are determined in a free market economy.

- **The theory of economic growth:** Harriman developed the theory of economic growth, which explains how countries can achieve sustained economic growth over time.

Harriman is one of the most important economists of the 20th century. His ideas have had a profound impact on the world, and his work continues to be debated and discussed by economists and policymakers today. This concise guide has provided an overview of Harriman's most important ideas and their impact on the world.



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